

chain nodes :

20 21

ring nodes

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19

chain bonds :

9-14 20-21

ring bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-7 6-9 7-8 7-10 8-9 8-13 10-11 11-12 12-13 14-15 14-19 15-16 16-17 17-18 18-19

exact/norm bonds :

5-7 6-9 8-9 9-14

exact bonds :

20-23

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-10 8-13 10-11 11-12 12-13 14-15 14-19 15-16 16-17 17-18 18-19

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:Atom

15 ANSWERS

L6 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 16 sss sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 10:24:20 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 532 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 532 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 9257 TO 12023
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 68 TO 532

L7 15 SEA SSS SAM L6

-> s 16 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 10:24:24 FILE 'REGISTRY'

```
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 10233 TO ITERATE
100.0% PROCESSED 10233 ITERATIONS
                                                                      314 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
             314 SEA SSS FUL L6
-> s 18
            246 1.8
=> s 19 and pv<=2002
      22908422 PY<=2002
           168 L9 AND PY<-2002
        1165669 POLYMER
         931000 POLYMERS
        1559731 POLYMER
                  (POLYMER OR POLYMERS)
            15 L10 AND POLYMER
=> s 110 and electroluminescent
          67697 ELECTROLUMINESCENT
          67699 ELECTROLUMINESCENT
                   (ELECTROLUMINESCENT OR ELECTROLUMINESCENTS)
             16 L10 AND ELECTROLUMINESCENT
-> s 110 and hole transport
         139592 HOLES
                   (HOLE OR HOLES)
         763088 TRANSPORT
          6508 TRANSPORTS
         765718 TRANSPORT
                   (TRANSPORT OR TRANSPORTS)
           5688 HOLE TRANSPORT
                   (HOLE (W) TRANSPORT)
              3 L10 AND HOLE TRANSPORT
-> d 113 1-3 ibib abs hitstr
L13 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
        Styryl-containing polymer, its manufacture, and organic electroluminescent device, electrophotographic photoreceptor, and hole-
        transporting material using it
Author/Inventor
        Ueda, Hideaki: Kitahora, Takeshi: Nozaki, Takeshi
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
        Minolta Camera Co., Ltd., Japan; Konica Minolta Holdings, Inc.
Source
        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
        Patent
Language
        Japanese
Patent Information
PATENT NO
                  KIND | DATE
                                       APPLICATION NO
                                                              DATE
JP 10310606
                         19981124
                                       JP 1997-119194
                                                              19970509
Patent Number (1)
        JP 10310606
 Kind Code (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
        19981124
Application Number (1)
        JP 1997-119194
Application Date (1)
```

19970509 Priority Patent Number (1) JP 1997-119192 Priority Kind Code (1)

```
A
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
19970509
```

The styrl-containing polymer is represented by [CH2CH[ArtCH-CHA2]]n (Art = arylinen; Ar2 = aryl, condensed polycyclic group, heterocyclic group, Art and Ar2 may be substituted, n = natural number). The above polymer is manuted by (1) the reaction between a P compound [CH2CH[ArtCH2]]n and an aldehyde compound [Ar2CH2 or (2) the reaction between an aldehyde compound [CH2CH[ArtCH2]]n and a P compound Ar2CH2 X F = P (OCO[RT]) or PR32 Y; R1 = lower allow; R2 = cytoloxili, var); Y = halo]. The electroluminescent device contains the polymer in ≥1 organic compound (the first including a light-emitting layer and the photoreceptor contains the polymer as a charge-transporting material composed of the polymer is also claimed. The styryl-containing polymer shows good performance in charge-transporting and optical conductivity even after repeated use.

## L13 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Electrophotographic photoreceptor using dinaphthoquinone derivative electron-transporting agent

Author/Inventor Fukami, Toshuki; Katsukawa, Masahito Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Mita Industrial Co Ltd, Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Document Type Patent Language

Japanese

## Patent Information

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05341545	Α	19931224	JP 1992-147691	19920608

Patent Number (1)
JP 05341545
Kind Code (1)
A
Patent Publication Date (1)
19931224
Application Number (1)
JP 1992-147691
Application Date (1)
19920608

Priority Patent Number (1) JP 1992-147691

Priority Patent Publication Date (1)

19920608 Abstract

The photoreceptor comprises a conductive substrate coated with a photosensitive layer containing a dinaphthoquinone derivative I (R16 = H, aliky, 4n, alkoxy, ranky), as an electron-transporting agent. The photosensitive layer may contain a diamine compound II (R7-12 = alikyl, alkoxy, halo, aryl, nitro, cyano, alkylamino; e, I = 0-2; a, b, c, d = 0-2) as a hole-transporting agent. The photoseceptor shows high photorespones and good cyclic ability.

# L13 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Title

Electrophotographic photoreceptor using naphthoquinone derivative electron-transporting agent

Author/Inventor Fukami, Toshuki; Tanaka, Masafumi Patent Assignee/Corporate Source Mita Industrial Co Ltd, Japan

Source
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Document Type Patent

Language

Japanese

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 05341544	<u>A</u>	19931224	JP 1992-147690	19920608

Patent Number (1) JP 05341544 Kind Code (1) A

Patent Publication Date (1)

19931224
Application Number (1)
JP 1992-147690
Application Date (1)
19920608
Priority Patent Number (1)
JP 1992-147690
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)

19920608 Abstract

The photoreceptor comprises a conductive substrate coated with a photosensitive layer containing a naphthoquinone derivative I (RI4 = H, AII,Ay, AII,Axxy, AII,Axxy

=> d 111 1-15 ibib abs hitstr

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Title

Organic luminescent material and device

Author/Inventor Taquchi, Toshiki

Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

Source Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Document Type Patent

Language

Japanese

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
JP 2002105445	Α	20020410	JP 2000-300716	20000929		

Patent Number (1) JP 2002105445

Kind Code (1)

A Patent Publication Date (1)

20020410

Application Number (1)

JP 2000-300716 Application Date (1)

Application Date (1) 20000929

Priority Patent Number (1)

JP 2000-300716

Priority Kind Code (1)

Priority Patent Publication Date (1)

20000929 Abstract

The invention refers to an organic luminescent material I [R1 = H or methyl; R2-3 = H or substituents which may be joined to form a ring; R4 = H, unplushetituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, ayl, heterocycly, alkjoardnoryl, alyloaycarbonyl, alyloaycarbonyl, alkoaycarbonyl, anyloaycarbonyl, carbamoyl or sulfamoyl; Z = molety comprising an aromatic ring; A = copolymerizable monomer unit: k = 1 100, n = 0 - 9; k + n = 100).

L11 ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Title
The cation radical chain cycloaddition polymerization of N.3-bis(trans-1-propenyl)carbazole: The critical importance of intramolecular hole transfer in cation radical cycloaddition polymerization

Author/Inventor

Roh, Yeonsuk; Gao, Daxin; Bauld, Nathan L.

Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, The University of Texas of Austin, Austin, TX, 78712, USA

Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis (2001), 343(5), 481-489 CODEN: ASCAF7; ISSN: 1615-4150

Document Type

Journal

Language English

English Abstract

The synthesis and polymerization of N,3-[bis(trans-1-propenyl)]carbazole (1) is reported. Using either the stable cation radical salt

tris(4-bromophenyl)aminium hexachloroantimonate (2+) or anodic oxidation to initiate the reaction, novel cycloaddn\_<u>oplymers</u> are obtained in which the intermonomer linkages are of the cyclobutane, and to some extent of the Diels-Alder, type. A novel cation radical chain mechanism is proposed for the reaction, and extensive support for this mechanism is presented. The greatly enhanced reactivity of difunctional, as opposed to monofunctional, substrates in cation radical cycloaddns, is dramatically highlighted by a comparison of the cycloaddn, reactivity (rapid polymerazion) of 1 vs. Pyropenylcarbacede (inefficient cyclodimerization) under electrochem. oxidation conditions. The sharply enhanced reactivity of 1 is attributed to the availability of intramol. hole transfer in the bifunctional but not the monofunctional case.

```
Title
An unprecedented cation radical chain Diels-Alder polymerization leading to novel carbazole <u>polymers</u>
Author/inventor
Bauld, N. L.; Roh, Y.
Patent Assignee(Corporate Source
Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, The University of Texas, Austin, TX, 78712, USA
Source
Tetrahedron Letters (<u>2001</u>), 42(8), 1437-1439 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
Document Type
Journal
Language
Enclish
```

The polymerization of 3.6-bis(trans-1'-propenty)1-k-phenylcarhazole in the presence of tris(4-bromopheny)laminium hexachloroantimonate leads to soluble, high mol. weight, thermally stable cycloaddn. <u>polymers</u> containing carbazole units in the main <u>polymer</u> chain. The reaction appears to proceed via a highly efficient cation radical chain mechanism which circumvents the usual hole transfer step of the propagation cycle. This polymerization represents the first observation of direct cation radical Diels-Alder cycloaddin, polymerization.

## L11 ANSWER 4 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

L11 ANSWER 3 OF 15 CAPILIS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Title

N-Phenylvinylcarhazole compounds as radical polymerization monomers for polymers and their manufacture
Author/Inventor
Nakaya, Tadao; Yamauchi, Takao
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
Taiho Kogyo Co., Ltd., Japan
Source

Jp., Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
Patent
Language
Japanese

 Patent Information
 KIND
 DATE
 APPLICATION NO.
 DATE

 IP 2000/256319
 IA
 2000/319
 JP 1999-65/200
 1999/311

```
Patent Number (1)
JP 2000256319
Kind Code (1)
A
Patent Publication Date (1)
20000319
Application Number (1)
JP 1999-65200
Application Date (1)
199903311
Priority Patent Number (1)
JP 1999-65200
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
1999-65200
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
```

Abstract

Abstract

Carbazole compds. which bear a viryl group on the 4 position and a substituted Ph group on the 1 position are prepared by alkylating carbazole (I) with a substituted Ph iodide compound, then formylating the alkylated I with a Vilmeier reagent and converting the formylated compound to a viryl compound

## L11 ANSWER 5 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Title
Styryl-containing <u>polymer</u>, its manufacture, and organic electroluminescent device, electrophotographic photoreceptor, and hole-transporting material using it

```
Ueda, Hideaki; Kitahora, Takeshi; Nozaki, Takeshi
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
```

```
Minolta Camera Co., Ltd., Japan; Konica Minolta Holdings, Inc.
```

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Jpn. K Document Type Patent

Language

Japanese Patent Information

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE | | JP 10310606 | A | 19981124 | JP 1997-119194 | 19970509 |

Patent Number (1)
JP 10310606
Kind Code (1)
A
Patent Publication Date (1)
19981124
Application Number (1)
JP 1997-119194
Application Date (1)

Application Date (1) 19970509 Priority Patent Number (1) JP 1997-119192

Priority Kind Code (1)

A

Priority Patent Publication Date (1)

19970509 Abstract

The styryl-containing <u>polymer</u> is represented by [CH2OH(Art CH:CHA?]]n (Art = arylene, Ar2 = aryl, condensed polycyclic group, heterocyclic group, Art and Ar2 may be substituted; = natural nutwhen). The above <u>polymer</u> is manufactured by (1) the reaction between a P compound [CH2CH(Art CH0)2]n) and an aldehyde compound [Ar2CH0 or (2) the reaction between an aldehyde compound [CH2CH(Art CH0)2]n and a P compound Ar2CH2X | X = P (COC(R1)) ar PRE3 X; R1 = lower alley; R2 = cycloally, aryl; Y = halo]. The electroluminescent device contains the <u>polymer</u> is also facility and the photoreceptor contains the <u>polymer</u> is a charge-transporting material. The hold-transporting material composed of the <u>polymer</u> is also claimed. The styryl-containing <u>polymer</u> is also claimed. The styryl-containing <u>polymer</u> is also claimed.

## L11 ANSWER 6 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Title

Carbazole derivative for charge transport material of electrophotographic photoreceptor

Author/Inventor

Kobayashi, Toru; Matsushima, Yoshimasa; Sugiyama, Hiroshi; Hagiwara, Toshimitsu Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Takasago Perfumery Co., Ltd., Japan Source

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Document Type

Patent Language Japanese

Japanes Patent Information

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE | APPLICATION NO. | DATE | JP 09295969 | A | 19971118 | JP 1996-130556 | 19960430

Patent Number (1) JP 09295969 Kind Code (1)

Patent Publication Date (1)

Application Number (1) JP 1996-130556

Application Date (1) 19960430

19960430 Priority Patent Number (1)

JP 1996-130556 Priority Kind Code (1)

Priority Patent Publication Date (1)

19960430

Abstract

The charge transport material for the electrophotog, photoreceptor contains I. (Art-2 = aryl; R1-2 = lower alkyl, aryl; R3 = lower alkyl, C5-7 aliphatic cyclic alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; m,n = 0-1). The charge transport material shows good solubility in polymer binder and

provides good charge transportability

Title

Author/Inventor

L11 ANSWER 7 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Organic photorefractive materials, manufacture thereof and memory devices

```
Yokoyama, Kenji; Arishima, Koichi; Shimada, Toshuki; Sukegawa, Takeshi
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
         Nippon Telegraph & Telephone, Japan
         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp. CODEN; JKXXAF
Document Type
         Patent
Language
         Japanese
Patent Information
PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO
                                                                    DATE
JP 07110499
                    A
                            19950425
                                            JP 1993-344598
                                                                    19931220
Patent Number (1)
         JP 07110499
 Kind Code (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
         19950425
Application Number (1)
         JP 1993-344598
Application Date (1)
         19931220
Priority Patent Number (1)
         JP 1993-344598
Priority Kind Code (1)
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
         19931220
Abstract
         The materials, suitable for use in write-in memories, comprise; a carrier-generating and a nonlinear optical substance; and a
         transparent polymer dispersant.
L11 ANSWER 8 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
         Electrophotographic photoreceptors
Author/Inventor
         Watanabe, Kazumasa; Kinoshita, Akira; Hirose, Hisahiro; Itami, Akihiko
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
         Konica Co., Japan
         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
         Patent
Language
         Japanese
Patent Information
 PATENT NO.
                    KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO
                                                                     DATE
JP 03035246
                    Α
                            19910215
                                            JP 1989-170358
                                                                    19890630
Patent Number (1)
         JP 03035246
```

Application Number (1)
JP 1989-170358
Application Date (1)
19890630
Priority Patent Number (1)
JP 1989-170358
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
19890630
Abstract

Kind Code (1) A Patent Publication Date (1)

An electrophotog, photoreceptor suited for use in laser printers comprises a crystalline titanyl phthalocyanine (charge generator)

exhibiting CuKu, x-ray diffraction main peaks at 20 = 9.6 and 27.2 ±2° with the former intensity ±40% of the latter and rd. charge transporter selected from AHCNNRTB (A = and, N heterocycle, viryh, ffl. 2 = allyk, N naphthył. Rt. 2 may form and rg.), Art AzNaSCR11-CR12R13 (Art. 2 = alkyl, aryl, Art. AzZ may form and and arg. Art. AzZ may form and may for

DATE

19880329

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L11 ANSWER 9 OF 15 CAPILIS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
         Electrostatographic imaging method
Author/Inventor
         Takizawa, Yoshio; Takahashi, Jiro; Matsubara, Akitoshi
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
         Konica Co., Japan
Source
         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
        Patent
Language
         Japanese
Patent Information
PATENT NO.
                   KIND
                          DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO
JP 01246559
                           19891002
                                          JP 1988-77465
```

```
Patent Number (1)
JP 01246559
Kind Code (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
19891002
Application Number (1)
JP 19891702
Application Date (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
Patent Number (1)
JP 1988-77465
Application Date (1)
Priority Patent Number (1)
JP 1988-77465
Abstract
```

The title imaging method employs (1) a toner containing a styrene homopolymer and(or) a styrene-vinyl compound copolymer and an oxidation inhibitor, and (2) a photoreceptor based on an organic photoconductive semiconductor.

DATE

19850410

```
L11 ANSWER 10 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
         Photosensitive materials for electrophotography
Author/Inventor
         Kawakami, Sota: Takimoto, Masataka: Sawada, Kivoshi
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
         Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
Source
         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
        Patent
Language
         Japanese
Patent Information
                                           APPLICATION NO
PATENT NO
                   KIND
                           DATE
JP 61235847
                                           JP 1985-76294
                   A
                           19861021
```

```
Patent Number (1)
JP 61235847
Kind Code (1)
A
Patent Publication Date (1)
19861021
Application Number (1)
JP 1985-76294
Application Date (1)
19850410
```

```
Priority Patent Number (1)
JP 1985-76294
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
19850410
```

Abstract

Elec. conductive substrates are coated with a lining layer consisting of an alc.-insol, poly(inny) formal) resin, and then with a photosensitive layer to give the tile materials. The materials show good substrate-photosensitive layer andhesion and good performance with respect to sensitivity, dark-decay, charging, and durability on repeated use; hence the materials are useful for electrophotog. Thus, and Jate was coated successively with (1) a lining layer of Vinylex L [poly(vinyl formal) resin], (2) a charge-generating layer composed of I and Panille L-1250 (polycarbonate resin), and (3) a charge-transport layer composed of I and Panille L-1250 (polycarbonate resin) to abtain a photosensitive material, which gave a surface potential of -900 V. a dark-decay rate of 21.8%, and a half-decay exposure sensitivity of 5.5 lx-s by a 40-µA corona charging followed by a 5-s dark period and subsequent visible exposure.

```
L11 ANSWER 11 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title Photoreceptors
Author/Inventor
Takei, Voshiaki, Fujimaki, Yoshihide; Nomori, Hiroyuki
Patent Assinee/Comorate Source
```

Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

Source Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Document Type Patent

Language

## Japanese Patent Information

Patent Number (1)

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 60143349	Α	19850729	JP 1983-249503	19831229

```
UP 60143349
Kind Code (1)
A
Patent Publication Date (1)
19850729
Application Number (1)
UP 1983-249503
Application Date (1)
19831229
Priority Patent Number (1)
UP 1983-249503
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
```

19831229

Abstract

Electrophotog, photoreceptors have a photosensitive layer comprising a charge carrier-generating layer and a charge carrier-transporting layer containing a carbaracel derivative (i. R. e. any which may be substituted, R1 = H, had, ally which may be substituted, R1 = H, had, ally which may be substituted, allowy, NH2, substituted amino, OH; R2 = any lwhich may be substituted, heterocycly which may be substituted amino polymeric organic semiconductor having condensed aromatic or heterocyclic mays on its side chains. The photoreceptors exhibit improved sensitivity and UV-light stability. Thus, an Al-coated polydethylene terephthalate) support was 1st coated with maleic arrhydride-viryl acaded eviny choinde copolymers (2-bc Left F10), then coated with 1-dodbornoamthronic (Montile Red 2\*\*; MGCORH4; R1 = H), and a polycarbonate resin (Panitle L-1250), and dried to give an electrophotog, photoreceptor showing high sensitivity and UV lightfastness.

L11 ANSWER 12 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Title

Composite electrophotographic photosensitive materials
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

Source Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Document Type Patent

Language

Japanese Patent Information

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 58002849	<u>A</u>	19830108	JP 1981-104579	19810629

Patent Number (1)

```
JP 59002849
Kind Code (1)
A
Patent Publication Date (1)
19830108
Application Number (1)
JP 1981-104579
Application Date (1)
19810629
Priority Patent Number (1)
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
```

Charge carrier-transfer layers of composite electrophotog, plates contain an amine of the formula RNR1R2 (R. R.1, R.2 = aromatic or heterocyclic mointy), a carbasole derivative of the formula (1R8, R.4 = H, hab., alky, 18, kakoy, ary, arripoy, amino, OH, R.5, Re = alkyl, ary, Z. = anylene, O. or S-containing heterocyclic moiety), and an organic golymer type photoconductor having condensed aromatic or heterocyclic moigs) on side chain. Optionally, an electron acceptor type compound is added to the charge carrier-generating layer. Thus, an Al-laminated poly(ethylene reporthalate) film support was coated with S-Lec MF-10 (a maide arbityhdde-wirty) activate copylymer), then coated with s-Colicomonanthanthrone to form a charge carrier-generating layer. The compound of the coated with s-Colicomonanthanthrone to form a charge carrier-generating carrier-generating arbitrary and plant to the compound of the coated with s-Colicomonanthanthrone to form a charge carrier-generating carrier-generating arbitrary and plant to the coated with s-Colicomonanthrone to form a charge carrier-generating arbitrary and plant to the coated with s-Colicomonanthrone to form a charge carrier-generating arbitrary and plant to the coated with s-Colicomonanthrone to form a charge carrier-generating arbitrary and plant to the coated with s-Colicomonanthrone to form a charge carrier-generating arbitrary and plant to the coated with s-Colicomonanthrone to form a charge carrier-generating arbitrary and plant to the coated with s-Colicomonanthrone to form a charge carrier-generating arbitrary and plant to the coated with s-Colicomonanthrone to the coated with s-Col

```
L11 ANSWER 13 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Title

Electrophotographic recording material
```

Author/Inventor

Abstract

Takahashi, Jiro; Komamura, Tawara; Sawada, Kiyoshi; Sasaki, Osamu; Goto, Satoshi; Kinoshita, Akira

Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan

Source Ger. Offen., 37 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX

Document Type Patent Language

German

Patent information				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
DE 3248374	A1	19830714	DE 1982-3248374	19821228

Patent Number (1)
DE 3248374
Kind Code (1)
Af All
Patent Publication Date (1)
19830714
Application Number (1)
DE 1982-248374
Application Date (1)
19821228
Priority Patent Number (1)
JP 1981-213834
Priority Kind Code (1)

Priority Patent Publication Date (1)

Abstract

An electrophotog, recording material with a greater ability for the production of charge carriers, a higher sensitivity, and a lower rest potential consists of an elec, conductive support, a photosensitive layer containing a biasaze compound of the formulal or II (R = Br, Cl, CN, R1 = hadogen, alkyl, alkoxy, CN, R2 = H, hadogen, alkyl, alkoxy, R3 = carbamoyl, sulfamoyl, R4 = H, amino, carbamoyl, carboy, ester group, R5 = anyl, Z = the necessary atoms to form an aromatic or heteracoron ring), and a further layer. Thus, an Alaminated polyester film was coated with a vinyl acetate-vinyl chloride-maleic anhydride copolymer 0.05 µm thick interlayer, a 0.5 µm charge forming layer from a dispersion containing III 2 and 1.2 4-chloreethane 140 weight parts, and a 12 µm charge forming layer from a dispersion containing III 2 and 1.2 4-chloreethane 140 weight parts. The recuired exceptional so Polyestrophane 10 weight parts. The recuired except of su surface potential of 2-500 V and the amount of light required to decrease the surface potential to 250 V and 50 V at 15°, 25°, 35° were 2.7, 2.5, and 2.4 and 5.7, 5.9, and 5.3 xl-s, resp. The required exceptive forms, was 30 %-s. The required exceptive forms, was 30 %-s.

L11 ANSWER 14 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Title

```
Author/Inventor
         Goto, Satoshi: Kinoshita, Akira: Takei, Yoshiaki: Fujimaki, Yoshihide
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
         Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
Source
         Ger. Offen., 42 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
Document Type
         Patent
Language
         German
Patent Information
PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO
DE 3208337
                          19820923
                                          DE 1982-3208337
                                                                    19820309
                   A1
```

```
DE 3208337
Kind Code (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
         19820923
Application Number (1)
         DE 1982-3208337
Application Date (1)
         19820309
Priority Patent Number (1)
         JP 1981-35069
Priority Kind Code (1)
```

Patent Number (1)

Priority Patent Publication Date (1) 19810311

Abstract

Composite electrophotog, plates having outstanding charge retention, sensitivity, rest potential, and the like consist of a an elec. conductive support carrying a charge carrier-generating layer and a charge carrier-transporting layer containing a carbazole derivative I (R = aryl; R1 = H, halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, amino, or OH; and R3 = aryl or heterocyclyl). Thus, an aluminized polyester support was coated with Se by vapor deposition to give a 0.5 μm thick charge carrier-generating layer and then coated with a solution containing I (R, R2 = Ph; R1 = H) 6. Panlite L-1250 (polycarbonate) 10, and 1.2-dichloroethane 90 parts to give a charge carrier-transporting layer with a thickness of 11 µm. The resulting plate was corona discharge treated for 5s at - 6.0 kV. The original surface potential, the E1/2 value (exposure to give 1/2 of the original potential), and the rest potential (after a 30 lx-s exposure) were determined to be -835 V, 8.1 lx-s, and 0 V, resp.; after 100 cycles these values were -870 V, 8.4 lx-s, and -5 V, resp.

```
L11 ANSWER 15 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
```

Photoconducting composition containing (tricyanovinyl)carbazolyl-substituted polymers Author/Inventor

Limburg, William W. Patent Assignee/Corporate Source Xerox Corp.

Source

Ger. Offen., 31 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX Document Type

Patent Language

German Patent Information

APPLICATION NO PATENT NO KIND DATE 19740626 DE 2430748 A1 19750123 DE 1974-2430748

```
Patent Number (1)
          DE 2430748
 Kind Code (1)
 Patent Publication Date (1)
          19750123
Application Number (1)
          DE 1974-2430748
Application Date (1)
          19740626
Priority Patent Number (1)
          US 1973-374157
Priority Kind Code (1)
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
```

19730627

Abstract

In 5-25; I layers for electrophotog, sensitive in the 420-620 mr range vinylcarbazole <u>polymers</u> with a mol. weight >15,000 which have been tricyconvinylated to 0.1-50% so that phase separation or cystallization does not occur in the coatings, are used as photoconductors. The <u>polymers</u> are prepared by addition of tetracyancethylene to their DMF solns, in the absence of O at 60-14.0°, Thus, N-ethyl-3-winjcarbazole was prepared from N-ethylcarbazole-3-carbaxolethyle, Ph3MePB; and BulL, polymerized at-60° with BF3 in CH2Cl2 to a mol. weight of 330,000, and 28% of the N-ethylcarbazole groups were tricyanorivnjated during 4 days at 60° in an N atmospheric The <u>polymer</u> containing this repared to the control of the N-ethylcarbazole groups were tricyanorivnjated during 4 days at 70° in an N atmospheric The <u>polymer</u> containing this repared to the N-ethylcarbazole groups were tricyanorivnjated during 4 days at 10° in an N atmospheric The <u>polymer</u> containing this repared to the N-ethylcarbazole groups were tricyanorivnjated during 4 days at 10° in an N atmospheric The <u>polymer</u> containing this repared to the N-ethylcarbazole groups were the N-ethylcarbazole groups were tricyanorivnjated during 4 days at 10° in an N atmospheric The <u>polymers</u> containing the polymers of the N-ethylcarbazole groups were tricyanorivnjated of the N-ethylcarbazole groups were tricyanorivnjated at 10° in an N atmospheric The <u>polymers</u> containing the polymers of the N-ethylcarbazole groups were the N-ethylcarbazole groups were the N-ethylcarbazole groups were the N-ethylcarbazole groups which in the N-ethylcarbazole groups were the N-ethylcarbazole groups which is the N-ethylcarbazole groups were the N-ethylcarbazole groups which is the N-ethylcarbazo

chain nodes :

14 15 19 20 27

ring nodes :

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 21 22 23 24 25 26

chain bonds :

3-14 9-21 14-15 15-19 15-27 19-20

ring bonds :

 $1-2 \ 1-6 \ 2-3 \ 3-4 \ 4-5 \ 5-6 \ 5-7 \ 6-9 \ 7-8 \ 7-10 \ 8-9 \ 8-13 \ 10-11 \ 11-12 \ 12-13 \ 21-22 \ 21-26 \ 22-23 \ 23-24 \ 24-25 \ 25-26 \ 20-24 \ 24-25 \ 25-26 \ 20-24 \ 24-25 \ 25-26 \ 20-24 \ 24-25 \ 25-26 \ 20-24 \ 24-25 \ 25-26 \ 20-24 \ 20-25 \ 20-24 \ 20-25 \ 20-25 \ 20-26 \ 20-26 \ 20$ 

exact/norm bonds :

3-14 5-7 6-9 8-9 9-21 14-15 15-27

exact bonds :

15-19 19-20

normalized bonds :

1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-10 8-13 10-11 11-12 12-13 21-22 21-26 22-23 23-24 24-25 25-26

G1:C,C

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:Atom 24:Atom 25:Atom 26:Atom 27:CLASS

L14 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 114 sss sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 10:34:24 FILE 'REGISTRY'

```
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 286 TO ITERATE
                     286 ITERATIONS
                                                                     15 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
                         BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS:
                                4706 TO 6734
PROJECTED ANSWERS:
             15 SER SSS SAM 1.14
=> s 114 sss full
FULL SEARCH INITIATED 10:34:29 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 5639 TO ITERATE
100.0% PROCESSED
                     5639 ITERATIONS
                                                                    323 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
            323 SEA SSS FUL L14
=> s 116
           251 L16
=> s 117 and py<=2002
      22908422 PY<-2002
           169 L17 AND PY<-2002
-> s 118 and polymer
       1559731 POLYMER
                  (POLYMER OR POLYMERS)
L19
             15 L18 AND POLYMER
=> d 119 1-15 ibib abs
L19 ANSWER 1 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
        Organic luminescent material and device
Author/Inventor
        Taguchi, Toshiki
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
        Fuii Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan
Source
        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
        Patent
Language
        Japanese
Patent Information
PATENT NO.
                    KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO
                                                               DATE
JP 2002105445
                           20020410
                                         JP 2000-300716
                                                               20000929
 Patent Number (1)
        JP 2002105445
 Kind Code (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
        20020410
Application Number (1)
        JP 2000-300716
Application Date (1)
        20000929
Priority Patent Number (1)
        JP 2000-300716
Priority Kind Code (1)
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
        20000929
```

Abstract

The invention refers to an organic luminescent material I [R1 = H or methyl; R2-3 = H or substituents which may be joined to form a ring; R4 = H, (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heterocyclyl, alkylcarbonyl, arylcarbonyl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsulfonyl, ary

#### L19 ANSWER 2 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Title

The cation radical chain cycloaddition polymerization of N,3-bis(trans-1-propenyl)carbazole: The critical importance of intramolecular hole transfer in cation radical cycloaddition polymerization

Author/Inventor Roh, Yeonsuk; Gao, Daxin; Bauld, Nathan L.

Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry. The University of Texas of Austin, Austin, TX, 78712, USA

Source Advanced Synthesis & Catalysis (2001), 343(5), 481-489 CODEN: ASCAF7; ISSN: 1615-4150

Document Type Journal

Language English

Abstract

The synthesis and polymerization of N,3-[bis(trans-1-propenyl)]carbazole (1) is reported. Using either the stable cation radical salt tris(4-bromophenyl)aminium hexachloroantimonate (2+-) or anodic oxidation to initiate the reaction, novel cycloaddn. polymers are obtained in which the intermonomer linkages are of the cyclobutane, and to some extent of the Diels-Alder, type. A novel cation radical chain mechanism is proposed for the reaction, and extensive support for this mechanism is presented. The greatly enhanced reactivity of difunctional, as opposed to monofunctional, substrates in cation radical cycloaddns, is dramatically highlighted by a comparison of the cycloaddn. reactivity (rapid polymerization) of 1 vs. N-properlylcarbazole (inefficient cyclodimerization) under electrochem, oxidation conditions. The sharply enhanced reactivity of 1 is attributed to the availability of intramol, hole transfer in the bifunctional but not the monofunctional case.

#### L19 ANSWER 3 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Title

An unprecedented cation radical chain Diels-Alder polymerization leading to novel carbazole polymers

Author/Inventor Bauld N. L. Rob, Y.

Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, The University of Texas, Austin, TX, 78712, USA

Source

Tetrahedron Letters (2001), 42(8), 1437-1439 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039 Document Type

Journal

Language English

Abstract

The polymerization of 3.6-bis(trans-1'-propenyl)-N-phenylcarbazole in the presence of tris(4-bromophenyl)aminium hexachloroantimonate leads to soluble, high mol. weight, thermally stable cycloaddn. polymers containing carbazole units in the main polymer chain. The reaction appears to proceed via a highly efficient cation radical chain mechanism which circumvents the usual hole transfer step of the propagation cycle. This polymerization represents the first observation of direct cation radical Diels-Alder cycloaddn, polymerization

#### L19 ANSWER 4 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

N-Phenylvinylcarbazole compounds as radical polymerization monomers for polymers and their manufacture

Author/Inventor Nakaya, Tadao; Yamauchi, Takao

Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Taiho Koqyo Co., Ltd., Japan

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Document Type Patent

Language

Japanese

Patent Information				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000256319	Α	20000919	JP 1999-65200	19990311

Patent Number (1) JP 2000256319 Kind Code (1)

Patent Publication Date (1)

20000919 Application Number (1)

JP 1999-65200

```
Application Date (1)
         19990311
Priority Patent Number (1)
         JP 1999-65200
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
         19990311
Abstract
         Carbazole compds, which bear a vinyl group on the 4 position and a substituted Ph group on the 1 position are prepared by
         alkylating carbazole (I) with a substituted Philodide compound, then formylating the alkylated I with a Vilmeier reagent and
         converting the formylated compound to a vinyl compound
L19 ANSWER 5 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
         Styryl-containing polymer, its manufacture, and organic electroluminescent device, electrophotographic photoreceptor, and hole-
```

transporting material using it Author/Inventor

Ueda, Hideaki; Kitahora, Takeshi; Nozaki, Takeshi

Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Minolta Camera Co., Ltd., Japan; Konica Minolta Holdings, Inc.

Source Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 17 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Document Type Patent

Language Japanese

Patent Information

APPLICATION NO DATE PATENT NO DATE JP 10310606 19981124 JP 1997-119194

Patent Number (1) JP 10310606 Kind Code (1) Patent Publication Date (1) 19981124 Application Number (1) JP 1997-119194 Application Date (1) 19970509 Priority Patent Number (1) JP 1997-119192 Priority Kind Code (1)

Priority Patent Publication Date (1)

19970509 Abstract

The styryl-containing polymer is represented by [CH2CH(Ar1CH:CHAr2)]n (Ar1 = arylene; Ar2 = aryl, condensed polycyclic group, heterocyclic group; ArT and Ar2 may be substituted; n = natural number). The above polymer is manufactured by (1) the reaction between a P compound [CH2CH(Ar1CH2X)]n and an aldehyde compound Ar2CHO or (2) the reaction between an aldehyde compound [CH2CH(Ar1CHO)]n and a P compound Ar2CH2X [X = PO(OR1)2 or PR23.Y; R1 = lower alkyl; R2 = cycloalkyl, aryl; Y = halo]. The electroluminescent device contains the polymer in ≥1 organic compound thin layer including a light-emitting layer and the photoreceptor contains the polymer as a charge-transporting material. The hole-transporting material composed of the polymer is also claimed. The styryl-containing polymer shows good performance in charge-transporting and optical conductivity even after repeated use.

```
L19 ANSWER 6 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
         Carbazole derivative for charge transport material of electrophotographic photoreceptor
Author/Inventor
         Kobayashi, Toru; Matsushima, Yoshimasa; Sugiyama, Hiroshi; Hagiwara, Toshimitsu
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
         Takasago Perfumery Co., Ltd., Japan
         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
         Patent
Language
         Japanese
```

Patent Information PATENT NO KIND IDATE APPLICATION NO DATE JP 09295969 A 19971118 JP 1996-130556 19960430

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Patent Number (1)
          JP 09295969
Kind Code (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
          19971118
Application Number (1)
          JP 1996-130556
Application Date (1)
          19960430
Priority Patent Number (1)
          JP 1996-130556
Priority Kind Code (1)
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
         19960430
Abstract
          The charge transport material for the electrophotog, photoreceptor contains I. (Ar1-2 = aryl; R1-2 = lower alkyl, aryl; R3 = lower
          alkyl, C5-7 aliphatic cyclic alkyl, aryl, aralkyl; m,n = 0-1). The charge transport material shows good solubility in polymer binder and
          provides good charge transportability.
```

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Title
Organic photorefractive materials, manufacture thereof and memory devices

Author/Inventor

Yokoyama, Kenji; Arishima, Koichi; Shimada, Toshuki; Sukegawa, Takeshi

Patent Assignee/Corporate Source

Nippon Telegraph & Telephone, Japan Source

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 27 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF

Document Type Patent

Language Japanese

Patent Information

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
JP 07110499	Α	19950425	JP 1993-344598	19931220		

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Patent Number (1)
JP 07110499
Kind Code (1)
A
Patent Publication Date (1)
19890425
Application Number (1)
JP 1983-344598
Application Date (1)
1983-344598
Priority Kind Code (1)
```

Priority Patent Publication Date (1)

19931220 Abstract

The materials, suitable for use in write-in memories, comprise: a carrier-generating and a nonlinear optical substance; and a transparent polymer\_dispersant.

```
L19 ANSWER 8 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
Electrophotographic photoreceptors
Author/Inventor
Watanabe, Kazumasa, Kinochita, Akira; Hirose, Hisahiro; Itami, Akihiko
Patent Assignee (Corporate Source
Konica Co., Japan
Source
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 24 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
Patent
Language
Japanese
Patent Information
```

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 03035246	Α	19910215	JP 1989-170358	19890630

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Patent Number (1)
JP 03035246
Kind Code (1)
A A
Patent Publication Date (1)
19910215
Application Number (1)
JP 1989-170358
Application Date (1)
19890630
Priority Patent Number (1)
JP 1989-170358
```

Priority Patent Publication Date (1)

Abstract

An electrophotog, photoreceptor suited for use in taser printers comprises a crystalline titanyl, phthalocyanine (charge generator) exhibiting CuKu, x-ray diffraction main peaks at 20 = 9.6 and 27.2 ± 2° with the former intensity ≥ 40% of the latter and ≥1 charge transporter selected from AHC.NNR1R2 (A = aryl, heterocyclic, vinyl; R1.2 = alkyl, Ph, naphthyl; R1, R2 may form a ring), ARTA/22Na/GCR11.CR12R13 (Ar1, 2- alkyl, aryl, Ar1, Ar2 may form a ring; Ar3 = phenylene; R11 = H, alkyl, aryl, R12.15 = alkyl, R1; R12, R13 = alkyl, aryl; R12, R13 = alkyl, aryl; R12, R13 = B, alkyl, R13 = B, alkyl, aryl; R22 = B, alkyl, aryl; R22 = Alkyl, aryl; R22 = B, alkyl, aryl; R22 = H, alkyl, aryl; R22 = B, alkyl, aryl; R23 = B, alkyl; R23

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L19 ANSWER 9 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN TITLE Electrostatographic imaging method Author/Inventor Takizawa, Voshio; Takahashi, Jiro; Matsubara, Akitoshi Patent Assigner/Corporate Source Konica Co., Japan Source Jpn, Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 12 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF Document Type Patent Language
```

 Patent Information
 PATENT NO.
 KIND
 DATE
 APPLICATION NO.
 DATE

 JP 01246559
 A
 19891002
 JP 1988-77465
 19880325

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JP 01246559
Kind Code (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
19891002
Application Number (1)
JP 1988-77465
Application Date (1)
1989022
Priority Patent Number (1)
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
19890329
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Japanese

Patent Number (1)

Abstract

The title imaging method employs (1) a toner containing a styrene homopolymer and(or) a styrene-vinyl compound copolymer and an oxidation inhibitor, and (2) a photoreceptor based on an organic photoconductive semiconductor.

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L19 ANSWER I 0.0F 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Title Photosensitive materials for electrophotography Author/Inventor, Sota, Takimoto, Masataka; Sawada, Kiyoshi Pateril Assigner Coproparte Source, Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan Source.
```

```
Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
         Patent
Language
         Japanese
Patent Information
PATENT NO.
                    KIND
                            DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO
                                                                     DATE
JP 61235847
                            19861021
                                            JP 1985-76294
                                                                     19850410
Patent Number (1)
         IP 61235847
Kind Code (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
         19861021
Application Number (1)
         JP 1985,76294
Application Date (1)
         19850410
Priority Patent Number (1)
         JP 1985-76294
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
         19850410
Abstract
```

Elec. conductive substrates are coated with a lining layer consisting of an alc.-insol, poly/vinyl formal) resin, and then with a photosensitive layer to give the title materials. The materials show good substrate-photosensitive layer and hesion and good performance with respect to sensitivity, dark-decay, charging, and durability on repeated use, hence the materials are useful for electrophotog. Thus, and Alplate was coated successively with (1) a lining layer of Vinylec L [poly/vinyl formal] resin], (2) a charge-generating layer composed of I and Panifle L-1250 (polycarbonate resin), and (3) a charge-transport layer composed of I and Panifle L-1250 (polycarbonate resin) and (3) a charge-transport layer composed of I and Panifle K-1300 (polycarbonate resin) to obtain a photosensitive material, which gave a surface potential of -900 V, a dark-decay rate of 21 8%, and a half-decay exposure sensitivity of 5.5 lx-s by a 40-µA corona charging followed by a 5-s dark period and subsequent visible exposure.

```
Photoreceptors
Author/Inventor
         Takei, Yoshiaki: Fujimaki, Yoshihide: Nomori, Hiroyuki
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
         Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 11 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
         Patent
Language
         Japanese
Patent Information
PATENT NO
                    KIND
                            DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO
                                                                      DATE
JP 60143349
                            19850729
                                            JP 1983-249503
                                                                     19831229
Patent Number (1)
         JP 60143349
Kind Code (1)
Patent Publication Date (1)
         10850720
Application Number (1)
         JP 1983-249503
Application Date (1)
         19831229
Priority Patent Number (1)
         JP 1983-249503
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
         19831229
```

L19 ANSWER 11 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

Title

Abstract

Electrophotog, photoreceptors have a photosensitive layer comprising a charge carrier-generating layer and a charge carrier-transporting layer containing a cartazole derivative (i.R. = anyl which may be substituted; R1 = H, had, aliky which may be substituted; R1 = H, had, aliky which may be substituted; R1 = H, had, aliky which may be substituted; R1 = H, had, aliky which may be substituted; R1 = H, had, aliky which may be substituted; R1 = H, had, aliky which may be substituted; R1 = H, had, aliky which that which was a considered aromatic or heterocyclic rings on its side chains. The photoreceptor swhibit improved sensitivity and UV-light stability. Thus, an At-coated poly(eithylene terophthalate) support was 1st casted with which was an arrhydride-viring scated-winy choice copolymer (5-Le KH=10), then coated with 1,0-dibromoanthrestoice (Monthe Red 2Y; Cl. 59300) by vapor deposition, finally coated with a solution containing poly(N-vinytcarbazole) (Luviran M-170), I(R, R2 = p-McCO6H4; R1 = H), and a polycorhorate resin (Rafille L-1250) and dried to aiv an electrophotop, abortoreceptor showing high

```
L19 ANSWER 12 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title
        Composite electrophotographic photosensitive materials
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
        Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
Source
        Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
Document Type
        Patent
Language
        Japanese
Patent Information
PATENT NO
                   KIND DATE
                                         APPLICATION NO
JP 58002849
                   Α
                          19830108
                                         JP 1981-104579
                                                                 19810629
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L19 ANSWER 13 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

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Patent Number (1)
JP 580002649
Kind Code (1)
A
Patent Publication Date (1)
19830108
Application Number (1)
JP 19810479
Application Number (2)
Application Date (1)
Priority Patent Number (1)
Priority Patent Number (1)
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
19810629
Abstract
```

Charge carrier-transfer layers of composite electrophotog, plates contain an amine of the formula RNR1R2 (R, R1, R2 = aromatic or heterocyclic molety), a carriazole derivative of the formula I (R3, R4 = H, halo, skyl, alkoy, aryl, aryloxy, amino, OH, R5, R6 = alkyl, a layer, 2 = arylene, 0 - or S-containing heterocyclic molety), and an organic <u>polymer</u> type photoconductor having condensed aromatic or heterocyclic mig(s) on side chain. Optionally, an electron acceptor type compound is added to the charge carrier-transfer layer and/or charges carrier-generating layer. Thus, an Al-laminated polyethylene terephilatels) film support was coated with S-Lec MF-10 (a maleic anhydride-winyl acetate-winyl choride copolymen), then coated with 4.10-dibromocarthanthrone to a charge carrier-generating layer, and coated with a composition containing poly(K-winylcarbazole), 4.4-dimethyltripherapinine, I (R3, R4 = H, R5, R6 = p-methoxyphenyl, Z = p-phenylene), and Panitle L-1250 (a polycarbonate resin) to give a composite electrophotog, plate having very stable electrophotog, characteristics.

```
Title
         Electrophotographic recording material
Author/Inventor
         Takahashi, Jiro; Komamura, Tawara; Sawada, Kiyoshi; Sasaki, Osamu; Goto, Satoshi; Kinoshita, Akira
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
         Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
Source
         Ger. Offen., 37 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
Document Type
        Patent
Language
         German
Patent Information
PATENT NO.
                                          APPLICATION NO
                  KIND DATE
                                                                    DATE
DE 3248374
                                          DE 1982-3248374
                                                                    19821228
                  A1
                          19830714
Patent Number (1)
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Patient Number (1)

Application Date (1)

Patent Publication Date (1)

19830714

Application Number (1)

DE 1982-3248374

Application Date (1)

19821228

Priority Patent Number (1)

JP 1991-218834

Priority Kind Code (1)
```

```
A
Priority Patent Publication Date (1)
19811228
Abstract
```

An electrophotog, necording material with a greater ability for the production of charge carriers, a higher sensitivity, and all ower rest preferred consists of an elec. conductive support, a photosensitive layer containing a bisazor compound of the formula of II(R = Br, CL, CN, R1 = halogen, alkyl, alkovy, CN, R2 = H, halogen, alkyl, alkovy; R3 = carbamoyl, sulfamoyl; R4 = H, amino, carbamoyl, carboy, ester group; R5 = anyl; Z = the necessary atoms to form an aromatic or heteracoron, ring), and a further layer. Thus, an Allaminated polyester film was coated with a vinyl acetate-vinyl chloride-maleic anhydride copolymer 0.05 µm thick interlayer, a 0.5 µm charge forming layer from a dispersion containing III 2 and 1.2 declhoreethane 140 weight parts, and 12 µm charge forming layer from a dispersion containing IN A-dierlytaminobenzaldehyde NN-diphenylhydrazone 6, a com, polyler transporting layer from a dispersion containing NN-dierlytaminobenzaldehyde NN-diphenylhydrazone 6, a com polyler and 1.2 dichloreethane 90 weight parts. The reculied respect to accrease the surface potential of 250 V and 50 V and 15 V, 25 V, 35 V were 2 /7, 2.5, and 2.4 and 5.7, 5.9, and 5.3 xl-s, resp. The required exposure to produce a rest potential of 250 V and 15 V

```
L19 ANSWER 14 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN Title
Light-sensitive electrophotographic element
Author/inventor
Goto, Satoshi, Kinoshita, Akira, Takei, Yoshiaki; Fujimaki, Yoshihide
Patent Assignee/Corporate Source
Konishiroku Photo Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
Source
Ger. Offen, 42 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
Patent
Language
German
Patent Information
```

 PATENT NO.
 KIND
 DATE
 APPLICATION NO.
 DATE

 DE 3208337
 A1
 19820923
 DE 1982-3208337
 19820309

```
Patent Number (1)
DS 3208337
Kind Code (1)
A1
Patent Publication Date (1)
19820923
Application Number (1)
DS 1982-320837
Application Date (1)
19820309
Priority Patent Number (1)
JP 1981-35069
Priority Kind Code (1)
Arriority Patent Publication Date (1)
19810311
```

Abstract

Composite electrophotog, plates having outstanding charge retertion, sensitivity, rest potential, and the like consist of a an electronductive support carrying a charge carrier-penerating layer and a charge carrier-tenspropring layer containing a carbazziel derivative | (R = anyl: R1 = H, halogen, alkyl, alkoxy, amino, or OH; and R3 = anyl or heterocychy). Thus, an aluminized polyester support was coated with Se by vapor deposition to give a 0.5 µm thick charge carrier-generating layer and then coated with a solution containing | (R, R2 = Ph; R1 = H), 6. Panifie L-1250 (polyearbonate) | 10, and 1,2-dichloroethane 90 parts to give a charge carrier-transporting layer with a thickness of 11 µm. The resulting plate was comon alcharge treated for St at -6.0 kV. The original surface potential, the E1/2 value (exposure to give 1/2 of the original potential), and the rest potential (after a 30 lk-s exposure) were determined to be ~850 v.8.1 kts, and 0 V. resp.; after 100 cyclest these values were ~870 V, 8.4 kts, and -5 V, resp.

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L19 ANSWER 15 OF 15 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
Title Photoconducting composition containing (tricyanovinyl)carbazolyl-substituted polymers
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Source
Gender, 31 pp. CODEN: GWXXBX
Document Type
Patert
Language
German
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 Patent Information
 IATE
 APPLICATION NO.
 DATE

 DE 2430748
 A1
 19750123
 DE 1974-2430748
 19740626

Patent Number (1)
DE 2430748
Kind Code (1)
A1
Patent Publication Date (1)
19790123
Application Number (1)
DE 1914/2430748
Application Date (1)
1970426
Priority Patent Number (1)
US 1973/34157
Priority Kind Code (1)
APriority Patent Publication Date (1)
19730627

Abstract

In 5-25, I layers for electrophotog, sensitive in the 420-620 mr range vinylcarbazole <u>polymers</u> with a mol. weight 3,15,000 which have been tricyanoniviplated to 0.1-50% so that phase separation or crystalization does not occur in the coatings, are used as photoconductors. The <u>polymers</u> are prepared by addition of tetracyanoethylene to their DMF solns, in the absence of O at 60-14.0°, Thus, N-ethyl-3,winjcarbazole was prepared from the rehip/carbazole spoke. PhilaMePBr, and BulL, polymersized at-60° with BF3 in CH2Cl2 to a mol. weight of 330,000, and 28% of the N-ethylcarbazole groups were tricyanorivinjated duting 4 days at 60° in an N atmospheric The <u>polymers</u> containing tricyanoriving groups was cacated from a PMMs-cyclothexanore (41) solution on Al. The rates of the photoinduced discharge of pos. or neg. surface potentials were comparable to those of com. poly(vinylcarbazole) biotoconductors.

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